

Upper Rappahannock
River Basin
Total Maximum Daily
Load Study

Public Meeting
Culpeper, Virginia
March 19, 2007

Meeting Agenda

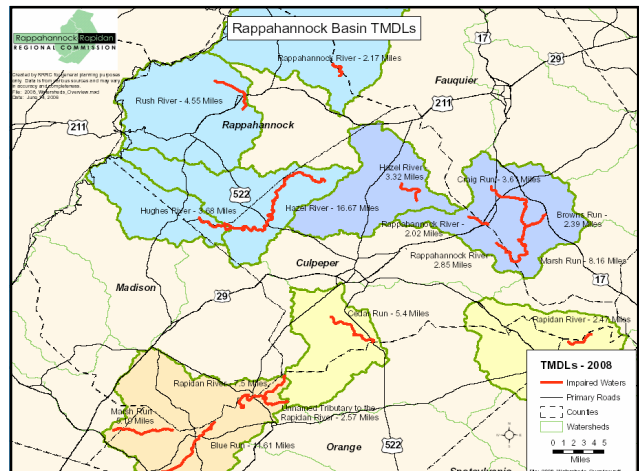
- **Introductions and Review of TMDL Process**
Katie Conaway, VA Department of Environmental Quality
- **Review of Source Assessment, Model, and Presentation of Draft TMDLs**
Byron Petrauskas, Engineering Concepts, Inc.
- **Discussion of Implementation of TMDLs**
May Sligh, VA Department of Conservation and Recreation
- **Questions**

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Why are we here?

- Periodically, the Department of Environmental Quality assesses water sampling data, by comparison to standards, and reports the status or health of Virginia streams to U.S. EPA and the public.
- The impaired or problem waters are listed in an EPA report called the 303(d) Impaired Waters List.
- Once problem waters are identified, Virginia must determine how to reduce pollution so the water meets water quality standards.
- Purpose of the Project: To develop Total Maximum Daily Loads (TMDLs) for 16 bacteria impaired stream segments in the Upper Rappahannock River Basin.

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Fecal Coliform Bacteria and *E. coli* Bacteria

- For primary contact recreation use, waters are assessed using fecal coliform and *E. coli* bacteria measurements*.



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Fecal bacteria:

- Found in the digestive tract of humans and warm blooded animals.
- Indicator of the potential presence of pathogens in waterbodies.

E. coli:

- subset of fecal coliform bacteria.
- correlate better with swimming-associated illness.

* In order for a waterbody to be listed as impaired:

- There must be at least two samples that exceed the water quality criterion.
- Greater than 10.5% of the total samples must be exceedances.

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Summary of Changes in Primary Contact Criteria

Indicator	Status	Instantaneous Maximum (cfu/100mL)	Geometric Mean (cfu/100 mL)
Fecal Coliform	Old	1,000	200
Fecal Coliform	Interim	400	200
<i>E. coli</i>	New	235	126

- Changes went into effect on January 15, 2003
- Both New *E. coli* and Interim Fecal Coliform criteria apply
- Fecal coliform criteria will be phased out entirely once 12 *E. coli* samples have been collected or after June 30, 2008

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What is a TMDL ? Total Maximum Daily Load

A TMDL is a pollution budget:

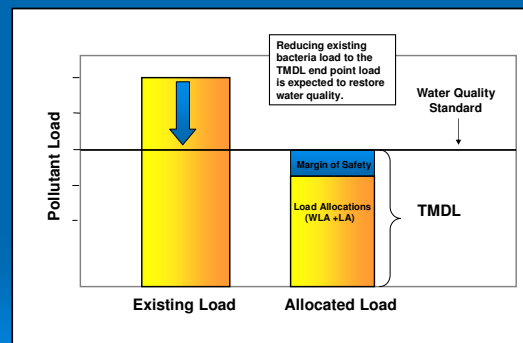
$$\text{TMDL} = \text{Sum of WLA} + \text{Sum of LA} + \text{MOS}$$

Where:

- TMDL = Total Maximum Daily Load
- WLA = Waste Load Allocation (point sources)
- LA = Load Allocation (nonpoint sources)
- MOS = Margin of Safety

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An Example TMDL



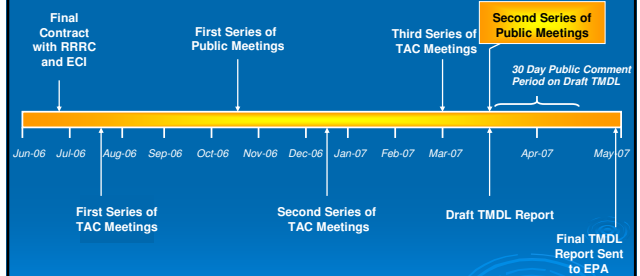
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Three Step TMDL Process in Virginia

1. TMDL Development - find the source of the pollutant & determine the reduction needed.
2. Implementation Plan Development - identify conservation measures to fix the problem. Conservation measures are often called Best Management Practices or BMPs.
3. Implement the BMPs and sample to see improvement.

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Upper Rappahannock River Basin TMDL Project Milestones



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Public Comment Period

- Public Comment Period for Public Meetings – Comments on the Draft TMDL Report and materials presented at the public meetings: March 19, 2007 to April 18, 2007
- DEQ accepts written comments by e-mail, fax, or postal mail. Written comments should include the name, address, and telephone number of the person commenting, and be received by DEQ during the comment period.
- Send all comments to Katie Conaway:
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13901 Crown Court, Woodbridge, Virginia, 22193
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Additional Information

1. List of all the Impaired Stream Segments addressed in this TMDL Study.
2. List of DEQ Monitoring Stations that were used to list the segments in the Upper Rappahannock TMDL Study as impaired.
3. List of impaired stream segments in the Upper Rappahannock River watershed that are NOT addressed in this TMDL.

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Rappahannock Watershed Technical Advisory Committee					
Stream Name	Locality	Impairment	Length (miles)	Upstream Limit	Downstream Limit
Hughes River	Culpeper Rappahannock	Bacteria	3.68	Kilbys Run	Hazel River
Hazel River	Culpeper	Bacteria	16.67	Rt. 707 Bridge	Unnamed Tributary
Hazel River	Culpeper	Bacteria	3.32	Indian Run	Muddy Run
Rush River	Rappahannock	Bacteria	4.55	Unnamed Tributary	Big Branch
Rappahannock River	Fauquier Rappahannock	Bacteria	2.17	Jordan River	UT
Marsh Run	Fauquier	Bacteria	8.35	Craig Run	Rappahannock River
Browns Run	Fauquier	Bacteria	2.39	Unnamed Tributary	Marsh Run
Craig Run	Fauquier	Bacteria	3.61	Headwaters of Craig Run	Marsh Run
Rappahannock River	Culpeper Fauquier	Bacteria	2.02	Ruffans Run	Tinpot Run
Rappahannock River	Culpeper Fauquier	Bacteria	2.85	Unnamed Tributary	Marsh Run

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Rapidan Watershed Technical Advisory Committee					
Stream Name	Locality	Impairment	Length (miles)	Upstream Limit	Downstream Limit
Blue Run	Orange Albemarle	Bacteria	11.61	Headwaters of Blue Run	Rapidan River
Rapidan River	Culpeper Madison Orange	Bacteria	7.5	Poplar Run	Robinson River
Marsh Run	Greene Madison Orange	Bacteria	5.19	Headwaters of Marsh Run	Rapidan River
Unnamed Tributary to Rapidan River	Madison Orange	Bacteria	2.57	Headwaters of Unnamed Tributary	Rapidan River
Cedar Run	Culpeper	Bacteria	5.4	Buck Run	Rapidan River
Rapidan River	Culpeper Spotsylvania	Bacteria	2.68	Wilderness Run	Middle Run

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DEQ Listing Stations for Upper Rappahannock

TMDL ID	Stream Name	Monitoring Station	Station Location	Year First Listed as Impaired	2004 Exceedance Rate		2005 Exceedance Rate	
					Fecal Coliform Standard	E. Coli Standard	Fecal Coliform Standard	E. Coli Standard
VAN-E08R-02	Browns Run	3-BOS000.72	Route 653	2002	37% (4 of 7)	100% (3 of 3)	N/A	N/A
VAN-E08R-03	Craig Run	3-CRA000.82	Route 656	2004	43% (3 of 7)	100% (3 of 3)	N/A	N/A
VAN-E04R-01	Hazel River	3-HAZ018.29	Route 729	2002	20% (4 of 20)	15% (3 of 20)	33% (3 of 9)	33% (3 of 9)
		3-HAZ032.54	Route 644	2006	N/A	N/A	21% (2 of 6)	33% (2 of 6)
60076	Hazel River	3-HAZ005.98	Route 625	2006	N/A	N/A	36% (5 of 14)	50% (5 of 10)
VAN-E03R-01	Hughes River	3-HUE000.20	Route 644	2004	32% (2 of 17)	10% (3 of 19)	30% (4 of 11)	30% (4 of 11)
VAN-E08R-01	Marsh Run	3-MAH000.19	Route 651	1996	21% (3 of 14)	N/A	N/A	29% (2 of 7)
		3-MAH004.18	Route 668	1996	44% (4 of 9)	73% (3 of 4)	N/A	N/A
VAN-E08R-04	Rappahannock River	3-RPP147.10	Route 15/29	2004	22% (8 of 37)	N/A	N/A	39% (5 of 13)
VAN-E01R-03	Rappahannock River	3-RPP175.51	Route 647	2002	16% (2 of 19)	N/A	N/A	29% (4 of 14)
60081	Rappahannock River	3-RPP142.36	Route 620	2006	N/A	N/A	N/A	29% (2 of 7)
VAN-E05R-01	Rush River	3-RUS005.66	Route 683, upstream of Route 211/922	2002	24% (4 of 17)	22% (4 of 18)	44% (4 of 9)	44% (4 of 9)

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DEQ Listing Stations for the Rapidan River

TMDL ID	Stream Name	Monitoring Station	Station Location	Year First Listed as Impaired	2004 Exceedance Rate		2006 Exceedance Rate	
					Fecal Coliform Standard	E. Coli Standard	Fecal Coliform Standard	E. Coli Standard
VAN-E13R-01	Blue Run	3-BLU002.60	Route 20	2002	40% (6 of 20)		35% (7 of 20)	50% (3 of 6)
		3-BLU006.44	Bridge for an unnamed road through Tibbetstown	2006	N/A		40% (2 of 5)	N/A
VAN-E16R-01	Cedar Run	3-CED000.59	Route 522	2004	25% (5 of 20)		15% (2 of 13)	N/A
		3-CED003.52	Route 652	N/A	N/A		38% (2 of 5)	100% (3 of 3)
VAN-E13R-03	Marsh Run	3-MAS001.55	Route 644	2004	67% (2 of 3)		31% (4 of 13)	N/A
VAN-E13R-02	Rapidan River	3-RAP045.08	Route 15	2002	29% (10 of 35)		N/A	43% (6 of 14)
VAN-E18R-01	Rapidan River	3-RAP006.53	Route 610	2002	32% (12 of 38)		N/A	58% (7 of 12)
VAN-E13R-04	Unnamed Tributary to Rapidan River	3-XEZ000.12	Route 634	2004	100% (2 of 2)		43% (3 of 7)	40% (2 of 5)

- * In order for a waterbody to be listed as impaired:
1. There must be at least two exceedances of the water quality criterion
 2. Greater than 10.5% of the total samples must be exceedances.

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Water Quality Standards

- Waters are listed as impaired based on Water Quality Standards (WQS).
- Water Quality Standards:
 - Regulations based on federal and state law.
 - Set numeric and narrative limits on pollutants.
 - Consist of designated use(s) and water quality criteria to protect the designated uses.

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Designated Uses

- Recreational
- Aquatic Life
- Public Water Supply
- Wildlife
- Fish Consumption
- Shellfish



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How a TMDL Project is Managed

- DEQ is the Project Lead for the TMDL Development Phase (DCR provides assistance).
- DEQ subcontracts out the modeling and technical work involved in TMDL Development.
- Stakeholder and public participation:
 - Other VA Agencies, Local Governments, Community Groups, etc. are invited to participate in Technical Advisory Committee meetings.
 - The general public and interested stakeholders are invited to public information meetings.
- Once the study has been approved by the EPA and the State Water Control Board, the Implementation Plan process begins.
- DCR is the lead for Implementation Plan Development (DEQ provides assistance).

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